





KAIST AI



Code

Decoder Improves Zero-shot Retrieval

Soyoung Yoon^{1*}, Eunbi Choi², Jiyeon Kim³, Hyeongu Yun², Yireun Kim², Seung-won Hwang^{1†}

¹Seoul National University ²LG AI Research ³KAIST AI

[†]Corresponding Author *Work done during an internship at LG AI Research



Overview

Paper

- Neural-based Information Retrieval systems still struggle on zero-shot retrieval compared with statistical retrievers (e.g., BM25) - Listwise reranking models are shown to be effective on zero-shot retrieval, but previous listwise reranking had limitations: small-sized models only implement pairwise reranking with impractical efficiency, and large-sized models suffer from the lost-in-the middle problem due to its long input length. - We present **ListT5** that overcomes the aforementioned limitations with the following advantages:
- 1. Computational Efficiency: Efficient than pairwise methods & listwise methods w/ LLMs, comparable to pointwise methods, applicable to small models (e.g., T5-base). **2.** Robustness to Positional Bias: Effectively overcomes the lost-in-the middle problem, better than RankGPT-4, by the nature of Fusion-in-Decoder. **3. Zero-shot performance:** Shows superior performance than pointwise(MonoT5, RankT5) and listwise (RankZephyr, RankVicuna, RankGPT3.5) counterparts.

Background: Pointwise v.s. Listwise Reranking

Listwise reranking with The following are passages related to query {{query}} [1] {{passage_1}} LLMs (RankGPT, [2] {{passage_2}} RankZephyr...) (more passages) Rank these passages based on their relevance to the query.

- However, they exhibit the lost in the middle problem, positionally biased to passages presented in the first and last parts of the





- **Pointwise** (MonoT5, RankT5): Individually assigns *definite* relevance scores for each documents **Listwise** (ListT5, RankGPT, RankZephyr..): Given multiple documents as input, sort documents and compute relative ordering between them

Proposed Method: ListT5 architecture

- Fusion-in-Decoder that given k (=5) contexts, output sorted index, with relevant index coming at the **last**.
- Training: MS MARCO train set, label negatives by Bi-encoder (COCO-DR/GTR)

Tournament Sort (v.s. sliding window)





listwise input.

- How can we train the model to efficiently see multiple passages at once, while being fairly efficient and exhibit less positional bias?
- -> Fusion-In Decoder with tournament sort!
- Each passage is processed by the encoder with identical positional encodings by FiD - so, ListT5 cannot exploit positional bias.



- Sliding window: since window of size m can only "cache" up to m passages, full reranking top - k becomes inaccurate when k > m, and we need to run the whole iteration multiple times. - Tournament sort: once the tree is constructed, additional iteration only requires computing a single path from leaf to root - most nodes can be cached & re-used for k iterations.

					COCO-				BM25 Top-100				BM25 Top-1000																
Zero-snot pertormance							DR MonoT5 RankT5 Large (Init.)	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{List15} & \text{List13} \\ \text{(r=1)} & \text{(r=2)} \end{array}$	(r=2)		Initial	MonoT5 -base	RankT5 -base	ListT5 -base	MonoT5 -3B	RankT5 -3B	ListT5 -3B	MonoT5 -base	RankT5 -base	ListT5 -base									
ListT5-base and ListT5-3B was superior than pointwise, pairwise, and listwise counterparts on the average NDCG@10 on full BEIR benchmark.					MSMARCO Top-1000 (in-domain)	41.9	43.1	46.2	46.1	46.3	TREC-COVID NFCorpus	59.5 32.2	78.3 35.7	77.7 35.1	(r=2) 78.3 35.6	79.8 37.3	81.7 37.4	(r=2) 84.7 37.7	78.3 36.1	79.1 35.3	(r=2) 82.1 36.1								
													TREC-COVID NFCorpus NO	80.8 35.5 54.3	83.5 35.6 57.9	83.5 35.5 59.6	83.2 36.2 59.7	83.5 36.2 60.0	BioASQ NQ HotpotQA	52.2 30.5	55.3 52.1 71.2	58.2 53.2 72.8	56.4 53.1 72.6	57.5 56.4 74.3	58.3 57.8 74.8	58.3 56.2 75.6	52.6 55.9 70.9	57.6 57.6 73.8	55.0 57.5 73.6
	TREC- DL19	TREC- DL20	TREC- COVID	NFC- orpus	Signal- 1M (RT)	TREC- NEWS	Robu- st 04	Touche- 2020	DBP- edia	Sci- Fact	Avg (In- domain)	Avg (BeIR)	HotpotQA FiQA-2018	63.3 32.3 46.0	68.7 41.2	71.1 41.3	70.3 41.7	70.9 41.7	FiQA-2018 Signal-1M (RT)	23.6 33.0	39.2 32.0	39.2 30.8	39.6 33.5	46.0 32.2	45.2 31.9	45.1 33.8	41.2 29.3	41.1 28.6	41.8 30.9
DuoT5-base $LISTT5$ -base $(r = 2)$	71.4 71.8	67.4 68.1	80.1 78.3	35.0 35.6	31.4 33.5	49.1 48.5	49.6 52.1	31.8 33.4	43.9 43.7	69.6 74.1	69.4 70.0	48.8 49.9	Touche-2020 CQADupStack	21.6 37.3	25.7 40.5	34.8 35.7 38.7	49.0 29.1 40.7	49.3 29.6 40.9	TREC-NEWS Robust04	39.5 40.7	48.0 53.4 34.4	45.4 54.3 35.5	48.5 52.1	48.3 58.5	49.5 58.3 37.4	53.2 57.8	47.8 55.4 24.2	45.9 57.2	50.9 54.7
RankGPT (GPT3.5) RankVicuna-7b RankZephyr-7b	65.8 68.9 73.9	62.9 66.1 70.9	76.7 80.5 84.0	35.6 33.2 36.7	32.1 34.2 31.8	48.9 46.9 52.6	50.6 48.9 54.3	36.2 33.0 33.8	44.5 44.4 44.6	70.4 70.8 74.9	64.4 67.5 72.4	49.4 49.0 51.6	Quora DBPedia SCIDOCS	87.3 40.7 17.3	84.0 44.4 17.5	83.0 46.1 17.5	86.2 45.6 17.7	86.3 45.4 18.3	Touche-2020 CQADupStack	40.8 44.2 30.0	29.6 38.6	37.1 37.0	33.4 38.8	40.8 32.5 41.3	38.8 40.3	33.6 42.1	24.2 26.4 40.1	37.0 38.1	31.5 40.5
LISTT5-3B $(r = 2)$ 71.8 69.1 84.7 37.7 33.8 53.2 57.8 33.6 46.2 77.0 70.5 53.0 - Comparison with listwise LLMs & pairwise rerankers (DuoT5)					53.0	FEVER Climate-FEVER SciFact	74.9 23.1 71.9	78.9 24.2 73.5	79.7 22.9 73.6	79.8 23.9 74.4	81.4 24.9 74.3	Quora DBPedia SCIDOCS	78.9 31.8 14.9	84.6 42.8 16.7	83.3 43.7 16.8	86.4 43.7 17 6	84.0 44.8 19.0	83.6 45.0 18.9	86.9 46.2 19 5	84.2 43.1 17.0	82.9 45.1 17.1	86.4 44.9 18 0							
					Avg. BEIR	49.1	50.6	51.6	52.7	53.1	FEVER Climate-FEVER	65.2 16.5	78.4 23.1	77.6 21.2	79.8 24.0	80.0 26.2	79.8 24.5	82.0 24.8	77.9 23.3	77.8 20.6	81.0 24.9								
			- C	omp	arisor	ו with	poin	twise	rera	nker	s with	BM2	5 / COCO-I	DR as	first-s	stage i	retriev	vers	SciFact Average	67.9 42.5	73.1 49.3	73.5 49.6	74.1 50.9	76.3 52.3	77 .1 52.2	77.0 53.6	73.3 48.7	73.6 49.7	<u>74.9</u> 51.8

Positional Invariance

- ListT5 was more robust to initial ordering change or position change of positive passage.

Effi	C	e	nc	:V
				' y

Least relevant

Most relevan

Base Model

T5-base

Γ5-base

T5-base

T5-bas

T5-3b

T5-3b

3 4 5 → Relevant Last

most effective.

Sorting

nethod

pointwise

(=ListT5)

Discrimination

Name

MonoT5

T5(FiD)

T5(FiD)

istT5(r=1)

T5(no FiD) T5(FiD)

sliding w.(s=3) T5(no FiD) | 35.1x | 175.6x

Relevant last was the

Ablations

→ Relevant First → 52143 [eos]

→ 5 [eos]

→ 31425 [eos]

FLOPs to rerank:

2.6x 4.7x

9.8x

12.3x

66.0x 154x

215.1x

Top-1

.8x

2.5x

1.7x

17.6x

24.6x

53.8x

Dataset Discrimi-

Relevant Last Relevant | Relevant First (ListT5) 2)

nation	(r = 1)	$(r=2)\big (r$	= 1) (r =
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In-domain											
MS MARCO	40.3	40.8	40.9	40.7	40.7						
TREC-DL19	72.5	69.6	70.8	71.2	71.8						
TREC-DL20	67.3	67.0	66.8	67.3	68.1						
Avg (in-domain)	60.0	59.1	59.5	59.7	60.2						
Out-domain (BEIR)											
TREC-COVID	74.0	74.9	75.9	76.7	78.3						
NFCorpus	34.8	35.5	35.6	35.5	35.6						
BioASQ	55.8	56.6	56.6	57.2	56.4						
NQ	51.1	52.7	52.9	52.0	53.1						
HotpotQA	70.9	72.5	72.6	72.1	72.6						
FiQA-2018	38.1	39.3	39.0	39.5	39.6						
Signal-1M (RT)	32.9	31.8	31.7	33.3	33.5						
TREC-NEWS	43.9	46.6	47.3	47.9	48.5						
Robust04	49.8	52.3	52.3	52.0	52.1						
Arguana	26.1	32.8	34.6	49.7	48.9						
Touche-2020	34.2	31.5	31.3	34.2	33.4						
CQADupStack	38.8	38.3	38.4	38.4	38.8						
Quora	81.9	84.4	84.8	86.1	86.4						
DBPedia	42.4	43.4	43.6	43.9	43.7						
SCIDOCS	16.3	17.3	17.3	17.2	17.6						
FEVER	77.6	77.4	77.7	77.8	79.8						
Climate-FEVER	20.7	22.8	23.0	22.8	24.0						
SciFact	73.0	74.1	74.2	74.1	74.1						
Avg (BEIR)	47.9	49.1	49.4	50.6	50.9						

Initial ordering	DL19	DL20	TREC- COVID	TREC- NEWS	Touche -2020	Avg.
ListT5-bas	e (tourn	ament so	ort, r=2)			
No shuffle	71.8	68.1	78.3	48.5	33.4	60.0
Shuffle	71.2	68.1	77.2	48.9	32.8	59.6
Perf. drop						-0.4
ListT5-base	e (sliding	window	s, stride=3	, iter=4)		
No shuffle	71.8	67.7	77.5	50.0	33.1	60.0
Shuffle	69.5	65.5	77.7	49.2	32.1	58.8
Perf. drop						-1.2
RankVicuna	a-7b (slic	ling wind	lows)			
No shuffle	68.9	66.1	80.5	46.9	33.0	59.1
Shuffle	67.1	64.6	79.2	45.3	30.8	57.4
Perf. drop						-1.7
RankGPT-3	5.5 (slidir	ng windo	ws)			
No shuffle	68.4	64.9	72.6	46.5	38.2	58.1
Shuffle	62.5	57.0	66.1	38.3	22.8	49.3
Perf. drop						-8.8

- NDCG@10 drop before & after shuffling the initial top-100 ordering of BM25



- Agreement ratio & Std w.r.t. position of positive passage index

Tournament sort was more efficient than sliding window.